Cleft sentences: it-clefts y wh-clefts

Usamos **It was... who/that...** para destacar quién hizo algo. Usamos **What... did was...** para destacar qué hizo alguien. Conserva la misma idea y el mismo tiempo.

Example / Ejemplo

It was Ava who found the key. / What Ava did was find the key. / Fue Ava quien encontró la llave. / Lo que hizo Ava fue encontrar la llave.

Rewrite each sentence as instructed. Keep the original meaning and tense.

Reescribe cada oración según la consigna. Conserva el significado y el tiempo verbal.

01. Enfatiza a Owen y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen diseñó el cartel de la exposición.»
Focus on Owen and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen designed the exhibition poster."

02. Enfatiza a Owen y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen organiza el archivo.»
Focus on Owen and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen organizes the archive."

03. Enfatiza a Owen y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen anunciará al ganador.»
Focus on Owen and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen will announce the winner."

04. Enfatiza a Owen y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen está preparando el borrador final.»
Focus on Owen and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen is preparing the final draft."

05. Enfatiza a Owen y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen encontró la llave perdida.»
Focus on Owen and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen found the missing key."

06. Enfatiza a Owen y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen dirigirá la reunión de la mañana.»
Focus on Owen and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen will lead the morning meeting."

07. Enfatiza a Owen y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen se sabe el código de acceso.»
Focus on Owen and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen knows the access code."

08. Enfatiza a Owen y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen reparó el ascensor la semana pasada.»
Focus on Owen and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen repaired the lift last week."

09. Enfatiza a Owen y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen está traduciendo las instrucciones de seguridad.»
Focus on Owen and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen is translating the safety instructions."

10. Enfatiza a Owen y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen acogerá a los músicos visitantes.»
Focus on Owen and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen will host the visiting musicians."

11. Enfatiza la estatua de bronce y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen fotografió la estatua de bronce.»
Focus on the bronze statue and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen photographed the bronze statue."

12. Enfatiza el aviso de seguridad y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen tradujo el aviso de seguridad.»
Focus on the safety notice and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen translated the safety notice."

13. Enfatiza la cafetera espresso y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen reparó la cafetera espresso.»
Focus on the espresso machine and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen repaired the espresso machine."

14. Enfatiza la invitación y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen entregó la invitación.»
Focus on the invitation and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen delivered the invitation."

15. Enfatiza la lista de invitados y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen revisó la lista de invitados.»
Focus on the guest list and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen checked the guest list."

16. Enfatiza la llave perdida y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen encontró la llave perdida.»
Focus on the missing key and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen found the missing key."

17. Enfatiza el mural y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen pintó el mural.»
Focus on the mural and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen painted the mural."

18. Enfatiza el horario y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen actualizó el horario.»
Focus on the timetable and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen updated the timetable."

19. Enfatiza el libro de consulta y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen pidió prestado el libro de consulta.»
Focus on the reference book and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen borrowed the reference book."

20. Enfatiza la fotografía final y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen seleccionó la fotografía final.»
Focus on the final photograph and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen selected the final photograph."

Continue / Continúa

21. Enfatiza «a las nueve» y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen abrió la galería a las nueve.»
Focus on "at nine" and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen opened the gallery at nine."

22. Enfatiza «en el patio» y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen se reunió con el arquitecto en el patio.»
Focus on "in the courtyard" and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen met the architect in the courtyard."

23. Enfatiza «por la tormenta» y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen canceló el viaje por la tormenta.»
Focus on "because of the storm" and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen cancelled the trip because of the storm."

24. Enfatiza «el martes» y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen envió el paquete el martes.»
Focus on "on Tuesday" and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen sent the package on Tuesday."

25. Enfatiza «en recepción» y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen dejó las llaves en recepción.»
Focus on "at reception" and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen left the keys at reception."

26. Enfatiza «durante la revisión final» y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen descubrió el error durante la revisión final.»
Focus on "during the final check" and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen discovered the error during the final check."

27. Enfatiza «a la biblioteca» y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen trasladó la reunión a la biblioteca.»
Focus on "to the library" and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen moved the meeting to the library."

28. Enfatiza «después de comer» y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen anunció el resultado después de comer.»
Focus on "after lunch" and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen announced the result after lunch."

29. Enfatiza «para el nuevo director» y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen escribió el informe para el nuevo director.»
Focus on "for the new director" and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen wrote the report for the new director."

30. Enfatiza «observando a un compañero» y reescribe con it-cleft: «Owen aprendió el nuevo sistema observando a un compañero.»
Focus on "by watching a colleague" and rewrite as an it-cleft: "Owen learned the new system by watching a colleague."

31. Enfatiza la acción con una what-cleft: «Ella envió el horario revisado.»
Emphasize the action with a what-cleft: "Ella sent the revised schedule."

32. Enfatiza la acción con una what-cleft: «Maya cambió el tirador roto.»
Emphasize the action with a what-cleft: "Maya replaced the broken handle."

33. Enfatiza la acción con una what-cleft: «Ethan envió el horario revisado.»
Emphasize the action with a what-cleft: "Ethan sent the revised schedule."

34. Enfatiza la acción con una what-cleft: «Owen cambió el tirador roto.»
Emphasize the action with a what-cleft: "Owen replaced the broken handle."

35. Reescribe con una wh-cleft que empiece por «What Noah»: «Noah necesita una silla más.»
Rewrite as a wh-cleft beginning with "What Noah": "Noah needs an extra chair."

36. Reescribe con una wh-cleft que empiece por «What Sofia»: «Sofía quiere un espacio de trabajo más tranquilo.»
Rewrite as a wh-cleft beginning with "What Sofia": "Sofia wants a quieter workspace."

37. Reescribe con una wh-cleft que empiece por «What Owen»: «Owen pidió una batería de repuesto.»
Rewrite as a wh-cleft beginning with "What Owen": "Owen ordered a replacement battery."

38. Reescribe con una all-cleft: «Lo único que Owen necesitaba fue más información.»
Rewrite with an all-cleft: "Owen needed only one thing: more information."

39. Reescribe con una what-cleft que empiece por «What happened»: «El ordenador de Owen borró el borrador.»
Rewrite as a what-cleft beginning "What happened": "Owen's computer deleted the draft"

40. Reescribe con una wh-cleft inversa para enfatizar «ten o'clock»: «Owen terminó la entrevista a las diez.»
Rewrite as a reversed wh-cleft to focus on "ten o'clock": "Owen finished the interview at ten o'clock."

Answer key / Soluciones

Model answers. The cleft frame and focus are shown in bold. / Respuestas modelo. La estructura enfática y el foco aparecen en negrita.

01. It was Owen who designed the exhibition poster.

02. It is Owen who organizes the archive.

03. It will be Owen who announces the winner.

04. It is Owen who is preparing the final draft.

05. It was Owen who found the missing key.

06. It will be Owen who leads the morning meeting.

07. It is Owen who knows the access code.

08. It was Owen who repaired the lift last week.

09. It is Owen who is translating the safety instructions.

10. It will be Owen who hosts the visiting musicians.

11. It was the bronze statue that Owen photographed.

12. It was the safety notice that Owen translated.

13. It was the espresso machine that Owen repaired.

14. It was the invitation that Owen delivered.

15. It was the guest list that Owen checked.

16. It was the missing key that Owen found.

17. It was the mural that Owen painted.

18. It was the timetable that Owen updated.

19. It was the reference book that Owen borrowed.

20. It was the final photograph that Owen selected.

21. It was at nine that Owen opened the gallery.

22. It was in the courtyard that Owen met the architect.

23. It was because of the storm that Owen cancelled the trip.

24. It was on Tuesday that Owen sent the package.

25. It was at reception that Owen left the keys.

26. It was during the final check that Owen discovered the error.

27. It was to the library that Owen moved the meeting.

28. It was after lunch that Owen announced the result.

29. It was for the new director that Owen wrote the report.

30. It was by watching a colleague that Owen learned the new system.

31. What Ella did was send the revised schedule.

32. What Maya did was replace the broken handle.

33. What Ethan did was send the revised schedule.

34. What Owen did was replace the broken handle.

35. What Noah needs is an extra chair.

36. What Sofia wants is a quieter workspace.

37. What Owen ordered was a replacement battery.

38. All Owen needed was more information.

39. What happened was that Owen's computer deleted the draft.

40. The time when Owen finished the interview was ten o'clock.