As frente a like y construcciones de semejanza/función

Comparar con as ... as

Usa as + palabra que describe + as para comparar: as tall as: tan alto como.

Lee la pista en español y completa el ejercicio en inglés.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
1. My bag is ___ heavy as yours.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
2. This rope is ___ long as that one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
3. Mia is ___ tall as her sister.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
4. The puppy is ___ small as a shoe.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
5. This book is ___ funny as the film.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
6. Our classroom is ___ bright as the library.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
7. The blue car is ___ fast as the red car.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
8. This apple is ___ sweet as that one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
9. The pool is ___ deep as the lake.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
10. My pencil is ___ short as yours.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
11. The blanket is ___ soft as a cloud.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
12. The second game was ___ good as the first.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
13. This box is ___ light as a feather.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
14. The little dog is ___ friendly as the big one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
15. The path is ___ wide as the road.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
16. Her story was ___ exciting as yours.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
17. This chair is ___ comfortable as the sofa.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
18. The green kite is ___ high as the blue one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
19. My lunch is ___ tasty as yours.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
20. The new song is ___ popular as the old one.

Comparar con as ... as · continuación

Sigue con los huecos 21–40. Escribe la expresión que falta.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
21. The puppy and the kitten are equally small. Start: The puppy is as small ___ the kitten.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
22. My bike and yours go at the same speed. Start: My bike is as fast ___ yours.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
23. This box and that one weigh the same. Start: This box is as heavy ___ that one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
24. The two rooms have the same brightness. Start: This room is as bright ___ the other one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
25. Mia and Ava are the same age. Start: Mia is as old ___ Ava.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
26. Both paths are the same length. Start: This path is as long ___ that one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
27. The two apples are equally sweet. Start: This apple is as sweet ___ the other one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
28. The two stories are equally funny. Start: This story is as funny ___ that one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
29. The two swimmers can swim at the same speed. Start: Leo swims as quickly ___ Noah.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
30. Both chairs feel equally comfortable. Start: This chair is as comfortable ___ that one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
31. The two bags are equally light. Start: My bag is as light ___ yours.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
32. The two songs are equally loud. Start: This song is as loud ___ the first one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
33. The two houses are equally old. Start: Our house is as old ___ theirs.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
34. The two teams played equally well. Start: Our team played as well ___ theirs.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
35. The two cakes taste equally good. Start: This cake tastes as good ___ that one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
36. The two films are equally long. Start: This film is as long ___ the other one.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
37. The twins are equally tall. Start: One twin is as tall ___ the other.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
38. The two tests were equally easy. Start: This test was as easy ___ yesterday’s.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
39. The two jackets feel equally warm. Start: This jacket is as warm ___ mine.

La comparación usa «as» al principio y al final. Escribe la palabra que falta para comparar las dos cosas.
40. Both buses arrived at the same time. Start: The bus came as early ___ the train.

Soluciones explicadas

Comparar con as ... as

La respuesta clave está en negrita. Lee la pista para recordar por qué.

1. My bag is as heavy as yours.
La comparación lleva as al principio y antes de as al final.
2. This rope is as long as that one.
La comparación lleva as al principio y antes de as al final.
3. Mia is as tall as her sister.
La comparación lleva as al principio y antes de as al final.
4. The puppy is as small as a shoe.
La comparación lleva as al principio y antes de as al final.
5. This book is as funny as the film.
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La comparación lleva as al principio y antes de as al final.
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En as ... as, la palabra as aparece dos veces.
22. My bike and yours go at the same speed. Start: My bike is as fast as yours.
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