Conectores: adición y alternativas

Puntuación al unir dos ideas completas

Con moreover, besides, in addition, otherwise e instead, podemos unir dos frases completas. Antes puede haber punto o punto y coma; después del conector ponemos coma.

Ejemplo resuelto

El bus es cómodo; además, tiene espacio para bicis. The bus is comfortable; **moreover**, it has space for bikes.

La puntuación ya está puesta. Completa solo el conector que explica la relación entre las dos ideas.

01. Pista: Añade otro dato sobre el mismo lugar. Usa moreover.
The pool is clean; _____, it has a warm room for babies.
02. Pista: Añade otro dato sobre el mismo lugar. Usa moreover.
The pool is clean. _____, it has a warm room for babies.
03. Pista: Explica qué pasará si no nos vamos. Usa otherwise.
We have to leave now; _____, we will miss the train.
04. Pista: Explica qué pasará si no nos vamos. Usa otherwise.
We have to leave now. _____, we will miss the train.
05. Pista: Cuenta qué hicimos en lugar del plan. Usa instead.
We planned to eat outside; _____, we ate in the kitchen.
06. Pista: Cuenta qué hicimos en lugar del plan. Usa instead.
We planned to eat outside. _____, we ate in the kitchen.
07. Pista: Añade una idea nueva. Usa in addition.
The bus is comfortable; _____, it has space for bikes.
08. Pista: Añade una idea nueva. Usa in addition.
The bus is comfortable. _____, it has space for bikes.
09. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no la llevas. Usa otherwise.
Take your water bottle; _____, you may feel thirsty.
10. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no la llevas. Usa otherwise.
Take your water bottle. _____, you may feel thirsty.
11. Pista: Cuenta qué hizo en vez de dibujar. Usa instead.
Maya wanted to draw; _____, she painted a picture.
12. Pista: Cuenta qué hizo en vez de dibujar. Usa instead.
Maya wanted to draw. _____, she painted a picture.
13. Pista: Añade un dato más. Usa besides.
The book is short; _____, it has a funny ending.
14. Pista: Añade un dato más. Usa besides.
The book is short. _____, it has a funny ending.
15. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no lo guardas. Usa otherwise.
Save the file; _____, you may lose your work.
16. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no lo guardas. Usa otherwise.
Save the file. _____, you may lose your work.
17. Pista: Añade una idea más. Usa moreover.
The café has good soup; _____, it has fresh bread.
18. Pista: Añade una idea más. Usa moreover.
The café has good soup. _____, it has fresh bread.
19. Pista: Cuenta qué hicimos en lugar de conducir. Usa instead.
We planned to drive; _____, we took the train.
20. Pista: Cuenta qué hicimos en lugar de conducir. Usa instead.
We planned to drive. _____, we took the train.

Puntuación al unir dos ideas completas · continuación

Continúa con las mismas pistas. Completa cada hueco con la palabra o expresión que falta.

21. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no la llevas. Usa otherwise.
Bring a jacket; _____, you may feel cold.
22. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no la llevas. Usa otherwise.
Bring a jacket. _____, you may feel cold.
23. Pista: Añade un dato nuevo. Usa in addition.
The room is bright; _____, it has a large window.
24. Pista: Añade un dato nuevo. Usa in addition.
The room is bright. _____, it has a large window.
25. Pista: Cuenta qué hicieron en lugar de ver la película. Usa instead.
The class planned to watch a film; _____, they played a board game.
26. Pista: Cuenta qué hicieron en lugar de ver la película. Usa instead.
The class planned to watch a film. _____, they played a board game.
27. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no lo miras. Usa otherwise.
Check the map; _____, you may get lost.
28. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no lo miras. Usa otherwise.
Check the map. _____, you may get lost.
29. Pista: Añade otra cosa del parque. Usa besides.
The park has a pond; _____, it has a new playground.
30. Pista: Añade otra cosa del parque. Usa besides.
The park has a pond. _____, it has a new playground.
31. Pista: Cuenta qué hicimos en lugar de ir en bus. Usa instead.
We wanted to take the bus; _____, we walked to school.
32. Pista: Cuenta qué hicimos en lugar de ir en bus. Usa instead.
We wanted to take the bus. _____, we walked to school.
33. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no lo haces. Usa otherwise.
Pack your lunch; _____, you may be hungry later.
34. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no lo haces. Usa otherwise.
Pack your lunch. _____, you may be hungry later.
35. Pista: Añade otro dato. Usa moreover.
The store sells fruit; _____, it sells fresh bread.
36. Pista: Añade otro dato. Usa moreover.
The store sells fruit. _____, it sells fresh bread.
37. Pista: Cuenta qué hizo en lugar de llamar. Usa instead.
Nina planned to call; _____, she sent a message.
38. Pista: Cuenta qué hizo en lugar de llamar. Usa instead.
Nina planned to call. _____, she sent a message.
39. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no lo lees. Usa otherwise.
Read the sign; _____, you may go the wrong way.
40. Pista: Explica qué puede pasar si no lo lees. Usa otherwise.
Read the sign. _____, you may go the wrong way.

Soluciones

Frases completas. Solo la respuesta del hueco va en negrita.

01. The pool is clean; **moreover**, it has a warm room for babies.
02. The pool is clean. **Moreover**, it has a warm room for babies.
03. We have to leave now; **otherwise**, we will miss the train.
04. We have to leave now. **Otherwise**, we will miss the train.
05. We planned to eat outside; **instead**, we ate in the kitchen.
06. We planned to eat outside. **Instead**, we ate in the kitchen.
07. The bus is comfortable; **in addition**, it has space for bikes.
08. The bus is comfortable. **In addition**, it has space for bikes.
09. Take your water bottle; **otherwise**, you may feel thirsty.
10. Take your water bottle. **Otherwise**, you may feel thirsty.
11. Maya wanted to draw; **instead**, she painted a picture.
12. Maya wanted to draw. **Instead**, she painted a picture.
13. The book is short; **besides**, it has a funny ending.
14. The book is short. **Besides**, it has a funny ending.
15. Save the file; **otherwise**, you may lose your work.
16. Save the file. **Otherwise**, you may lose your work.
17. The café has good soup; **moreover**, it has fresh bread.
18. The café has good soup. **Moreover**, it has fresh bread.
19. We planned to drive; **instead**, we took the train.
20. We planned to drive. **Instead**, we took the train.
21. Bring a jacket; **otherwise**, you may feel cold.
22. Bring a jacket. **Otherwise**, you may feel cold.
23. The room is bright; **in addition**, it has a large window.
24. The room is bright. **In addition**, it has a large window.
25. The class planned to watch a film; **instead**, they played a board game.
26. The class planned to watch a film. **Instead**, they played a board game.
27. Check the map; **otherwise**, you may get lost.
28. Check the map. **Otherwise**, you may get lost.
29. The park has a pond; **besides**, it has a new playground.
30. The park has a pond. **Besides**, it has a new playground.
31. We wanted to take the bus; **instead**, we walked to school.
32. We wanted to take the bus. **Instead**, we walked to school.
33. Pack your lunch; **otherwise**, you may be hungry later.
34. Pack your lunch. **Otherwise**, you may be hungry later.
35. The store sells fruit; **moreover**, it sells fresh bread.
36. The store sells fruit. **Moreover**, it sells fresh bread.
37. Nina planned to call; **instead**, she sent a message.
38. Nina planned to call. **Instead**, she sent a message.
39. Read the sign; **otherwise**, you may go the wrong way.
40. Read the sign. **Otherwise**, you may go the wrong way.